BEGIN — OCTOBER 23, 1961

30.24-2031

A74WX (BOMB ROUNDUP)
(EOO) AMS BUDGET

BY ADREN COOPER NIGHT LEAD BOMB (ROUNDUP)

WASHINGTON, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION SET OFF TODAY THE BIGGEST EXPLOSION IN HISTORY, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION REPORTED, BUT IT PROBABLY WAS LESS POWERFUL THAN THE 50-MEGATON BLAST WHICH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAD ANNOUNCED WAS FORTHCOMING.

A STATEMENT FROM THE AEC SAID PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS INDICATED THE NUCLEAR DETONATION POSSIBLY WAS AS HIGH AS 50 MEGATONS BUT MORE PROBABL WAS "ON THE ORDER OF 30 MEGATONS."

THE AGENCY ALSO REVEALED THAT THE RUSSIANS HAD SET OFF A LOW YIELD BLAST UNDERWATER ABOUT TWO HOURS AFTER THE MAMMOTH EXPLOSION.

THE LARGEST PREVIOUS SOVIET TEST WAS ESTIMATED AT ABOUT 10 MEGATONS. THE BIGGEST UNITED STATES NUCLEAR TEST HAS BEEN REPORTED AT 15 TO 20 MEGATONS.

A 50-MEGATON BOMB UNLEASHES ENERGY EQUIVALENT TO 50 MILLION TONS OF TNT AND WOULD BE 2,500 TIMES AS POWERFUL AS THE AMERICAN BOMB WHICH DESTROYED HIROSHIMA IN WORLD WAR II.

HOURS BEFORE THE AEC ISSUES ITS ANNOUNCEMENT IN LATE AFTERNOON, SCIENTISTS IN SWEDEN, JAPAN AND FRANCE HAD DETECTED THE EXPLOSION AND REPORTED THAT IT PROBABLY WAS THE 50-MEGATON DETONATION WHICH KHRUSHCHEV SAID WOULD CLIMAX THE PRESENT SERIES OF RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TESTS.

THE REPORTS BROUGHT IMMEDIATE REACTION FROM COUNTRIES BORDERING THE SOVIET UNION.

THE NORWEGIAN PARLIAMENT WAS DEBATING A RESOLUTION PROTESTING RUSSIAN ATMOSPHERIC TESTS WHEN THE NEWS CAME, AND THE RESOLUTION WAS PASSED THE ONLY ARGUMENT WAS OVER WHETHER THE RESOLUTION SHOULD BE REDRAFTED IN STRONGER LANGUAGE.

JAPAN WAS REPORTED READY TO FILE ANOTHER STRONG PROTEST WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

BOTH OF TODAY'S RUSSIAN TESTS WERE IN THE NOVAYA ZEMLYA AREA IN THE ARCTIC REGION. THE EXPLOSIONS WERE THE 22ND AND 23RD WHICH HAVE BEEN REPORTED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION DURING THE RUSSIAN SERIES THAT BEGAN ON SEPT. 1.

HOWEVER, PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS INDICATED THAT RUSSIA CONDUCTED OTHER TESTS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ANNOUNCED.

THERE WAS NO COMMENT FROM KENNEDY ALTHOUGH THE WHITE HOUSE WAS REPORTED SKEPTICAL THAT THE RUSSIAN BOMB WAS IN THE 50-MEGATON RANGE. KENNEDY RECEIVED THE NEWS AS HE WAS WINDING UP A WEEKEND AT NEWPORT, R.I.

IN NEW YORK, AN OFFICIAL AT SOVIET U.N. DELEGATION HEADQUARTERS WAS QUOTED AS DENYING THE EXPLOSION WAS A 50-MEGATON BLAST.

THIS OCCURRED AFTER HUNGARIAN REFUGEES AND MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR A SANE NUCLEAR POLICY (SANE) DEMONSTRATED IN FRONT OF THE SOVIET HEADQUARTERS ON PARK AVENUE TO PROTEST SOVIET NUCLEAR TESTING.

A DELEGATION OF SANE OFFICIALS, HEADED BY COCHAIRMAN NORMAN THOMAS, ENTERED THE EMBASSY WITH A LETTER ADDRESSED TO KHRUSHCHEV.

EMERGING LATER, THOMAS SAID THE GROUP HAD BEEN RECEIVED POLITELY. HE SAID THE SECOND SECRETARY OF THE SOVIET HEADQUARTERS--WHOSE NAME WAS NOT GIVEN--ACCEPTED THE LETTER BUT PROTESTED THAT IT WAS IN EFFOR IN INDICATING THAT THE 50-MEGATON BOMB TEST HAD BEEN CARRIED OUT BY THE RUSSIANS TODAY.

THE AEC ANNOUNCEMENT--ISSUED AT 3 P.M. (EST), ABOUT 11 HOURS AFTER THE RUSSIAN EXPLOSION, SAID:

"THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ANNOUNCED THIS AFTERNOON THAT THE SOVIET UNION TODAY HAS CARRIED OUT TWO NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS IN THE NOVAYA ZEMLYA AREA. THE FIRST OF THESE WAS DETONATED IN THE ATMOSPHERE.

"THE YIELD OF THIS TEST WAS VERY HIGH, POSSIBLY AS HIGH AS 50 MEGATONS. PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS INDICATES IT WAS MORE PROBABLY ON THE ORDER OF 30 MEGATONS. THE SECOND WAS DETONATED SOME TWO HOURS LATER UNDER WATER SOUTH OF THE ISLAND OF NOVAYA ZEMLYA.

"IT WAS IN THE LOW YIELD RANGE."

ONE WELL INFORMED SOURCE OUTSIDE THE AEC SAID IT MAY BE 24 HOURS OR LONGER BEFORE U. S. SCIENTISTS ARE ABLE TO SAY DEFINITELY WHETHER THE LARGER EXPLOSION WAS AS GREAT AS 50 MEGATONS.

THIS SOURCE SAID THE SEISMOGRAPH METHOD OFTEN USED TO ESTIMATE NUCLEAR BLASTS MIGHT NOT BE EFFECTIVE IF THE DEVICE WAS SET OFF HIGH ABOVE THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH.

IN SUCH A CASE, HE SAID, A BETTER ESTIMATE COULD BE MADE THROUGH ANALYSIS OF SAMPLES TAKEN IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE BY U2 OR OTHER HIGH FLYING PLANES--"AND WE ARE NOT FLYING U2'S OVER SOVIET TERRITORY."

SOME VERSIONS OF KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH BEFORE THE COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS IN MOSCOW LAST WEEK PEGGED THE 50-MEGATON BLAST FOR OCT. 30 OR 31.

KHRUSHCHEV ALSO TOLD THE PARTY CONGRESS THE SOVIET UNION HAS A 100-MEGATON BOMB BUT WOULD NOT EXPLODE IT. UNITED STATES SCIENTISTS HAVE SAID BOMBS IN THE 50-TO 100-MEGATON RANGE ARE DESIGNED ONLY AS "TERROR WEAPONS" AND ARE NOT PRACTICAL FROM A MILITARY STANDPOINT.

SOME U. S. OFFICIALS HAVE SAID THAT A 50-MEGATON EXPLOSION WOULD CAUSE A LARGE INCREASE IN RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT BUT WOULD NOT BOOST RADIOACTIVITY TO THE DANGER POINT IN THIS COUNTRY.

(EDS: FOLLOWING 3 GRAFS ARE EMBARGOED FOR USE AT 5 P.M. EST)

ONE OF THESE WAS JAMES TERRILL, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF THE RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH DIVISION OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE, WHO SAID ON A RADIO PROGRAM TODAY:

"WE DO EXPECT THAT THE LEVELS WILL BE SUBSTANTIALLY HIGHER THAN THEY HAVE BEEN IN SOME PORTIONS OF THE U.S., AND THAT WE MUST BE READY TO UNDERSTAND THE ACTUAL EXPOSURE OF PEOPLE THAT OCCURS SO THAT CORRECTIVE MEASURES, IF NECESSARY, CAN BE TAKEN."

EXACTLY HOW MUCH RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT CAN BE EXPECTED IN THE UNITED STATES, TERRILL SAID, DEPENDS ON SEVERAL FACTORS. ONE, HE SAID, IS HOW CLOSE TO THE 50-MEGATON FISSION YIELD IS ACHIEVED. ANOTHER IS THE TIME BETWEEN THE DETONATION AND THE ACTUAL FALL IN THIS COUNTRY, WHICH WOULD DEPEND ON WEATHER CONDITIONS.

(END EMBARGOED MATTER).

STILL ANOTHER FACTOR, TERRILL SAID, IS HOW MUCH OF THE BOMB'S YIELD IS FISSION AND HOW MUCH IS FUSION.

SEVERAL JAPANESE OBSERVATION STATIONS REPORTED THE BIGGEST ABNORMAL ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURES ON RECORD. AN EARTHQUAKE POSSIBLY CAUSED BY THE BLAST WAS RECORDED ON SEISMOGRAPHS IN MATSUSHIRO, 120 MILES NORTHWEST OF TOKYO.

TAKEO MIKI, JAPAN'S STATE MINISTER IN CHARGE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AGENCY AND ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, URGENTLY SUMMONED A SPECIAL MEETING OF OFFICIALS TO DETERMINE MEASURES NEEDED TO COPE WITH POSSIBLE INCREASES IN RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT.

THE SWEDISH NATIONAL WEATHER BUREAU SAID AIR CURRENTS OVER NOVAYA ZEMLYA CAME FROM THE NORTH AND THAT THIS WOULD CAUSE THE FALLOUT TO DRIFT SOUTH OVER THE SOVIET UNION.

WASHINGTON OCTOBER 23

A 30-MEGATON BOMB WOULD PACK MORE EXPLOSIVE WALLOP THAN ALL THE PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED 21 TESTS IN THE CURRENT SOVIET SERIES.

UNOFFICIAL ESTIMATES ARE THAT THESE EARLIER BLASTS MAY HAVE AGGREGATED ABOUT 24 MEGATONS.

COMPARED WITH ALL NUCLEAR BOMBS DETONATED IN WAR OR TESTED BY THE UNITED STATES, RUSSIA AND BRITAIN UP THROUGH 1958 WHEN THOSE NATIONS TEMPORARILY STOPPED TESTING, A 30-MEGATON BOMB WOULD ALONE HAVE SLIGHTLY MORE THAN 20 PER CENT OF THE TOTAL EXPLOSIVE YIELD OF THOSE EARLIER EXPLOSIONS.

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION EXPERTS HAVE TOLD CONGRESS THAT THE TOTAL EXPLOSIVE YIELD OF ALL BOMBS DETONATED UP THROUGH 1958 WAS APPROXIMATELY 170 MEGATONS, OF WHICH 93 MEGATONS IS RATED TO CONSIST OF FISSION ENERGY, AS DISTINGUISHED FROM FUSION, OR H-BOMB TYPE, ENERGY.

IN TERMS OF FALLOUT-PRODUCING POTENTIAL, A 30-MEGATON BOMB MIGHT HAVE UP TO 15 MEGATONS OF ITS TOTAL YIELD AS FISSION ENERGY--THE ONLY KIND THAT PRODUCES APPRECIABLE FALLOUT.

THUS, A 30-MEGATON BOMB WOULD BE CAPABLE OF YIELDING ABOUT ONE SIXTH THE FALLOUT OF ALL BOMBS DETONATED UP THROUGH 1958.

ALL SUCH ESTIMATES OF FALLOUT, HOWEVER, ARE BASED ON STATEMENTS MADE BY THE AEC THAT AMERICAN AND BRITISH MEGATON-TYPE BOMBS DETONATED UP THROUGH 1958 CONSISTED OF HALF FUSION ENERGY AND HALF FISSION ENERGY. ARBITRARY ESTIMATES WERE MADE AT THE TIME THAT RUSSIA'S BOMBS WERE SIMILARLY DIVIDED AS TO FUSION-FISSION RATIOS.

IT IS STILL POSSIBLE THAT RUSSIA'S 30-MEGATON DEVICE MAY HAVE BEEN RELATIVELY "CLEAN" FROM THE STANDPOINT OF FISSION ENERGY--THAT IS, THERE MAY HAVE BEEN A MUCH LARGER RELATIVE RATIO OF FUSION ENERGY, AS COMPARED WITH FALLOUT-PRODUCING FISSION ENERGY.

CR818PED

A92WX (BLAST EFFECT AND ROCKET REACTION)
(280) BOMB BLAST EFFECTS
BY FRANK E. CAREY

1961

WASHINGTON, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE BLAST OF A 30-MEGATON NUCLEAR BOMB IN THE ATMOSPHERE WOULD DESTROY MOST HOMES OUT TO A DISTANCE OF ABOUT 12 MILES IN ALL DIRECTIONS FROM A POINT BENEATH THE BLAST.

AND ALL BUT THE STRONGEST REINFORCED-CONCRETE STRUCTURES WOULD BE LEVELLED OUT TO A DISTANCE OF NEARLY 2 1/2 MILES.

SECOND DEGREE BURNS TO UNPROTECTED SKIN WOULD OCCUR OUT TO NEARLY 45 MILES, AND FINE KINDLING FUELS, SUCH AS WOOD, WOULD BE IGNITED OUT TO NEARLY 40 MILES IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

AND RADIATION OF 700 ROENTGENS -- ENOUGH TO KILL NEARLY EVERYONE EXPOSED TO IT -- WOULD AFFECT AREAS ALMOST THREE MILES IN ALL DIRECTIONS. THIS WOULD BE IMMEDIATE RADIATION FROM THE RAYS ACTUALLY LOOSED BY THE NUCLEAR EXPLOSION -- IN CONTRAST TO RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT DEBRIS.

THESE COMPUTATIONS ARE ALL ROUGH ESTIMATES BASED UPON A QUICK PROJECTION -- IN TERMS OF A 30-MEGATON BOMB -- OF PUBLISHED GRAPHS OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT WHICH GIVE ESTIMATES OF EFFECTS ONLY FOR BOMBS RANGING UP TO THE 20-MEGATON VARIETY.

THE FIREBALL FROM SUCH A WEAPON, WITH TEMPERATURES RANGING IN THE MILLIONS OF DEGREES, WOULD BE ABOUT 20,000 FEET IN DIAMETER -- OR ABOUT 3.7 MILES.

MEANWHILE, AN AEC SPOKESMAN TOLD A REPORTER THAT THE COMMISSION'S ANNOUNCEMENT ABOUT TODAY'S RUSSIAN TESTS WAS DELAYED WHILE COMMISSION SCIENTISTS WERE MAKING AS EXHAUSTIVE AN ANALYSIS AS POSSIBLE OF THE DATA AT HAND.

HE SAID IT MIGHT BE A NUMBER OF WEEKS BEFORE THE COMMISSION HAD A FINAL ANALYSIS ON THE POWER OF THE TWO BOMBS SET OFF TODAY.

HE SAID THE COMMISSION EARLIER HAD URGED CAUTION ABOUT ACCEPTING REPORTS THAT THE RUSSIANS MIGHT HAVE TOUCHED OFF A 50-MEGATONNER BECAUSE THEY WANTED TO MAKE A THOROUGH ANALYSIS BEFORE COMING OUT WITH THEIR OWN ESTIMATES OF THE SIZE OF THE LARGER EXPLOSION.

ANOTHER SOURCE, DR. ALVIN MCNISH OF THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, SAID THAT IF A 30-MEGATON BOMB WERE DETONATED AT AN ALTITUDE BELOW ABOUT 120,000 FEET IT PROBABLY WOULD AFFECT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS IN RUSSIA FOR A SHORT TIME.

BUT HE SAID THERE WOULD BE NO EFFECT ON RADIO COMMUNICATIONS ORIGINATING AT ANY GREAT DISTANCE FROM THE BLAST SITE--CERTAINLY NOT ON AMERICAN COMMUNICATIONS.

IF THE SAME BOMB HAD BEEN DETONATED IN SPACE--THAT IS, BEYOND THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE--BLACKOUTS ON MOST RADIO COMMUNICATIONS FREQUENCIES WOULD OCCUR UP TO ABOUT 2,500 MILES IN ALL DIRECTIONS FROM THE BLAST, MCNISH TOLD A REPORTER.

AND THESE, HE SAID, WOULD LAST FROM A FEW HOURS TO A COUPLE OF DAYS DEPENDING UPON THE POWER OF THE EXPLOSION AND THE ALTITUDE AT WHICH IT WAS DETONATED.

IF THE RUSSIANS SENT SUCH A NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVE IN A ROCKET SO THAT THE BLAST OCCURRED IN SPACE ABOVE THE UNITED STATES, IT CONCEIVABLY COULD JAM EARLY WARNING RADAR--AND THUS PROVIDE A SMOKESCREEN FOR SUBSEQUENT NUCLEAR ATTACKS ON THE UNITED STATES, MCNISH SAID.

UNOFFICIAL CALCULATIONS INDICATED THAT IF THE SOVIETS ACTUALLY SET OFF A 30-MEGATONNER, THE DEVICE--POSSIBLY HOISTED ALOFT ON A ROCKET--WEIGHED ABOUT 7 1/2 TONS.

THIS WEIGHT WAS SUGGESTED BY CALCULATIONS MADE BY DR. RALPH LAPP, A WASHINGTON NUCLEAR SCIENTIST NOT CONNECTED WITH THE GOVERNMENT.

LAPP ESTIMATES THAT FOR EVERY FOUR MEGATONS OF EXPLOSIVE YIELD, A WARHEAD MUST WEIGH APPROXIMATELY ONE TON. THUS, FOR A 30-MEGATONNER, THE WEIGHT OF THE WARHEAD WOULD BE 7 1/2 TONS.

IF A 30-MEGATON BOMB WERE DETONATED AT THE EARTH'S SURFACE--INSTEAD OF IN THE ATMOSPHERE--IT WOULD GOUGE OUT A CRATER ABOUT 500 FEET DEEP AND ABOUT A MILE IN DIAMETER.

CR825PED

A86WX (GVMT EXPERT)
V 300) FALLOUT

any Russian high altitude

1961

WASHINGTON, OCT. 23 (AP)-A GOVERNMENT EXPERT ON RADIATION SAID TODAY HE DOESN'T EXPECT ~~RUSSIA'S 30-MEGATON~~ NUCLEAR EXPLOSION WILL PUSH THE FALLOUT LEVEL IN THE UNITED STATES TO A DANGER POINT.

BUT JAMES TERRILL, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF THE RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH DIVISION OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE, ADDED:

"WE DO EXPECT THAT THE LEVELS WILL BE SUBSTANTIALLY HIGHER THAN THEY HAVE BEEN IN SOME PORTIONS OF THE U.S., AND THAT WE MUST BE READY TO UNDERSTAND THE ACTUAL EXPOSURE OF PEOPLE THAT OCCURS SO THAT CORRECTIVE MEASURES, IF NECESSARY, CAN BE TAKEN."

TERRILL MADE HIS OBSERVATIONS IN A RADIO INTERVIEW (WASHINGTON VIEWPOINT--NON NETWORK), TAPED BEFORE MONITORS OVERSEAS SAID RUSSIA HAD TOUCHED OFF A SUPER BOMB. THE U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID THERE ACTUALLY WERE TWO SOVIET NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS IN THE ARCTIC, ONE OF POSSIBLY 50 MEGATONS BUT MORE LIKELY ABOUT 30 MEGATONS.

EXACTLY HOW MUCH RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT CAN BE EXPECTED IN THE UNITED STATES, TERRILL SAID, DEPENDS ON SEVERAL FACTORS. ONE, HE SAID, IS HOW CLOSE TO A 50-MEGATON FISSION YIELD IS ACHIEVED. ANOTHER IS THE TIME BETWEEN THE DETONATION AND THE ACTUAL FALLOUT IN THIS COUNTRY, WHICH WOULD DEPEND ON WEATHER CONDITIONS.

ANOTHER FACTOR, TERRILL SAID, IS HOW MUCH OF THE BOMB'S YIELD IS FISSION AND HOW MUCH IS FUSION. IN TERMS OF FALL-OUT PRODUCING POTENTIAL, A 30-MEGATON BOMB MIGHT HAVE UP TO 15 MEGATONS OF ITS TOTAL YIELD AS FISSION ENERGY, THE ONLY KIND THAT PRODUCES APPRECIABLE FALLOUT ATOMIC EXPERTS HAVE SAID. FUSION IS THE H-BOMB TYPE OF ENERGY.

TERRILL EMPHASIZED:

"WE WILL BE ON GUARD WITH OUR OWN ORGANIZATION AND THAT OF OTHER AGENCIES AND CERTAINLY WE WILL BE WELL AWARE OF ANY UNUSUALLY HIGH RADIATION EXPOSURE THAT MIGHT OCCUR."

THE HIGHEST FALLOUT LEVELS, HE SAID, OCCUR AT THE POINT OF DETONATION OF A NUCLEAR BLAST, SO A 50-MEGATON SHOT IS A GREATER THREAT TO THE RUSSIANS THAN TO AMERICANS, "ASSUMING EQUAL DENSITY OF POPULATION."

THE HEALTH SERVICE OFFICIAL SAID ONE OF THE BIG PROBLEMS NOW IS THE "LARGE GAPS IN THE AMOUNT OF INFORMATION" AVAILABLE ON THE EFFECT OF RADIATION ON HUMANS.

ANOTHER PROBLEM, HE SAID, IS A MATTER OF JUST HOW MUCH TO DO. HE SAID HIS OFFICE IS NOT INTERESTED IN "ANY CRASH PROGRAM" BUT IS TAKING PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

"AT THE PRESENT TIME," HE SAID, "THESE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES CONSIST OF ADDITIONAL SURVEILLANCE TO BETTER IDENTIFY THE NUMBER AND TYPES OF EXPOSURE THAT ARE OCCURRING RATHER THAN TAKING THE OTHER TACK AND INDICATING SOME TYPE OF CONTROL ACTION IS NECESSARY."

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, HE SAID, IS INTERESTED IN ORDERLY DEVELOPMENT OF A RADIATION DETECTION PROGRAM IN THE STATES "SO THE STATES WILL GRADUALLY TAKE OVER AS MUCH OF THIS TYPE OF ACTIVITY....AS POSSIBLE."

EG630PED NM AST

A117AB (WX F)
(120)

WITH SOVIET BLAST

ROCHESTER, N.Y., OCT. 23 (AP)-DR. RALPH LAPP, PHYSICIST AND AUTHOR OF BOOKS ON THE ATOM AND RADIATION, SAID TONIGHT THE UNITED STATES PROBABLY WOULD GET MOST OF THE FALLOUT FROM TODAY'S RUSSIAN NUCLEAR BLAST.

"BECAUSE OF THE LATITUDE AT WHICH THEY TEST, WE GET MOST OF THE FALLOUT FROM THE RUSSIAN BOMBS," HE SAID, AND ADDED:

"WE GET IT IN THE NECK."

DR. LAPP, WHO WORKED ON THE MANHATTAN PROJECT THAT PRODUCTED THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB, WAS INTERVIEWED AFTER AN APPEARANCE ON ROCHESTER'S EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION STATION.

ASKED IF THE AMOUNT OF FALLOUT INCREASED DIRECTLY WITH THE SIZE OF THE BOMB, DR. LAPP REPLIED:

"I CAN ONLY ANSWER THAT WITH A QUALIFIED 'YES.' IT DEPENDS ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BOMB."

THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IN WASHINGTON SAID THE SOVIET BLAST PROBABLY MEASURED ABOUT 30 MEGATONS, ALMOST TWICE THE SIZE OF THE LARGEST U.S. NUCLEAR EXPLOSION TO DATE.

DR. LAPP SAID THE UNITED STATES GOT MORE FALLOUT FROM THE RUSSIAN TESTS OF 1954-56 THAN FROM ITS OWN TESTS IN THE PACIFIC IN 1954.

MR832PED

A164

WITH NL BOMB

NEW YORK, OCT. 23 (AP)-NOBEL PRIZE-WINNING CHEMIST DR.HAROLD C. UREY SAID TONIGHT THE FALLOIT FROM RUSSIA'S SUPERBOMB "WILL MOSTLY COME TO THE UNITED STATES."

HOWEVER, UREY ADDED IN AN INTERVIEW ON NBC'S "ELEVENTH HOUR NEWS," THE FALLOUT WILL BE 5UNPLEASANT BUT NOT CRITICAL--NOT AT ALL." HE DID NOT ELAOORATE.

UREY, A PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA IN S N DIEGO, SAID THE RUSSIAN TESTS APPEAR TO HAVE VERY LITTLE SCIENTIFIC VALUE. "THEY INTEND TO FRIGHTEN US WITH THIS," HE SAID, ADDING:

"I WONDER IF THE RUSSIANS ARE NOT JUST A LITTLE BIT FRIGHTENED THEMSELVES WHEN THEY BEHAVE THIS WAY."

KS1139PED

ZB60CX Q
(200)

CHICAGO, OCT. 23 (AP)-ONE OF THE WORLD'S OUTSTANDING AUTHORITIES ON RADIATION SAID TODAY IT WOULD TAKE AT LEAST 20 YEARS TO DETERMINE WHETHER INCREASED RADIOACTIVITY ALREADY GENERATED BY NUCLEAR BOMB TESTS HAS PRODUCED HARMFUL EFFECTS ON THE HUMAN RACE.

30.24-2033

DR. JOHN FREEMAN LOUTIT, DIRECTOR OF THE UNITED KINGDOM RESEARCH COUNCIL'S RADIOBIOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT AT HARWELL, ENGLAND, SAID THE FIRST SYMPTOMS OF ANY DAMAGE WOULD SHOW UP IN AN INCREASE OF THYROID DISEASE AND LEUKEMIA.

HE SAID THE RATE OF NUCLEAR TESTING UP TO NOW HAS PRODUCED NO DEMONSTRABLE ILL EFFECTS BUT ADDED THAT METHODS OF DETECTING SUCH OVER-ALL RESULTS ARE VERY POOR.

"I WOULD GUESS THAT IF WE HAD 90 MEGATONS OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS UP TO THE END OF 1958, WE COULD STAND THAT RATE WITHOUT DEMONSTRABLE ILL EFFECTS TO INFINITY," HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

LOUTIT SAID THE VIEWPOINT OF SOME SCIENTISTS THAT INCREASED RADIOACTIVITY ALREADY HAS TRIGGERED FATAL LEUKEMIA IN SOME SUSCEPTIBLE PERSONS CANNOT BE REFUTED, BUT HE ADDED THAT IT HAS NOT BEEN DEMONSTRATED STATISTICALLY.

THE BRITISH SCIENTIST SAID THE EARTH AND ALL MATTER LIVING ON IT HAVE BEEN SUBJECTED TO COSMIC RADIATION AND OTHER MILD RADIOACTIVITY SINCE THE CREATION, AND ADDED:

"WE CANNOT EXCLUDE IN THE PRESENT STATE OF KNOWLEDGE THAT TRACES, AS IT WERE, OF IONIZING RADIATION SUBSERVE SOME USEFUL, OR EVEN NECESSARY, FUNCTION AS TRACES OF SOME CHEMICAL ELEMENTS ARE NECESSARY AS MICRONUTRIENTS."

LOUTIT IS IN CHICAGO FOR A SERIES OF LECTURES AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

EC549PCD NM

B86 Q (240)

WITH BOMB

BALTIMORE, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE EFFECTS OF A 50-MEGATON BOMB EXPLOSION WOULD BE FELT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD FOR AT LEAST THE NEXT FIVE YEARS, A JOHNS HOPKINS HOSPITAL OFFICIAL SAID TODAY.

"SUCH AN EXPLOSION WOULD THROW THIS STUFF PRETTY FAR UP INTO THE STRATOSPHERE, CREATING LONG-RANGE PROBLEMS THAT WOULD LIKELY BE GREATER THAN THE SHORT ONES," SAID DR. RUSSELL MORGAN, CHIEF OF THE HOSPITAL'S RADIOLOGY DEPARTMENT.

DR. MORGAN WAS QUESTIONED ABOUT AN EXPLOSION SET OFF TODAY BY THE SOVIET UNION, A BLAST DESCRIBED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AS THE BIGGEST IN HISTORY.

SCIENTISTS IN SWEDEN, JAPAN AND FRANCE, WHO DETECTIVED THE EXPLOSION, SAID IT PROBABLY WAS A 50-MEGATON DETONATION PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAD PROMISED FOR LATER THIS MONTH. BUT THE AEC SAID TODAY'S DETONATION PROBABLY WAS ABOUT 30 MEGATONS.

"THIS STUFF WOULD BE COMING DOWN IN 3 1/2 TO FIVE YEARS, AND HOW MUCH STRONTIUM 90 AND CESIUM ARE INVOLVED IS ANYBODY'S GUESS," DR. MORGAN SAID.

"THERE'S NO QUESTION BUT THAT THERE'S GOING TO BE AN IMPACT, AND WE SHOULD HAVE A TEMPORARY RISE IN FALLOUT READINGS IN A FEW DAYS TO A FEW WEEKS."

ASSUMING THE FOREIGN SCIENTISTS' REPORTS WERE CORRECT, DR. MORGAN SAID, THE SOVIET UNION'S EXPLOSION WOULD BE DANGEROUS FROM THIS STANDPOINT:

"ALL OF THE PREVIOUS TESTS UP TO THE CURRENT SERIES HAVE ADDED UP TO 90 MEGATONS AND HERE WE WOULD HAVE OVER HALF THAT IN JUST ONE EXPLOSION."

THE HOPKINS RADIOLOGY EXPERT AGREED WITH WASHINGTON SCIENTISTS WHO CLAIM SUCH A BOMB, EXPLODED IN SPACE, COULD SERVE AS AN "ELECTRONIC SMOKESCREEN" FOR A SNEAK MISSILE ATTACK.

HB902PED

A90UN

U R G E N T

SECOND NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR (150)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 23 (AP)-SOVIET BLOC OPPOSITION KILLED TONIGHT A MOVE BY NORWAY FOR AN IMMEDIATE VOTE ON A U.N. RESOLUTION URGING THE SOVIET UNION TO CANCEL A 50-MEGATON HYDROGEN BOMB TEST.

HANS ENGEN, NORWEGIAN DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER, REQUESTED THE VOTE IN THE U.N. POLITICAL COMMITTEE EVEN THOUGH THERE WERE REPORTS THE SOVIET UNION HAD ALREADY HELD THE BIG BOMB TEST.

THE NORWEGIAN DIPLOMAT WITHDREW HIS REQUEST AFTER SOVIET BLOC DELEGATES, ONE AFTER ANOTHER, RAISED PROCEDURAL POINTS WHICH THREATENED TO EMBROIL THE 101-NATION COMMITTEE IN HOURS OF WRANGLING.

ENGEN SAID THE COMMITTEE WAS BEING PUT INTO A POSITION THAT DAMAGE ITS DIGNITY AND PRESTIGE.

THE COMMITTEE ADJOURNED AT 6:30 P.M. EDT UNTIL 10:30 A.M. TOMORROW.

ENGEN HAD SOUGHT THE VOTE ON THE GROUNDS THE COMMITTEE WAS CONFRONTED BY "A CLEARCUT ISSUE OF EXTREME URGENCY." HE RAN INTO IMMEDIATE OPPOSITION FROM SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN.

TSARAPKIN RETORTED THAT THE MOVE WAS A STRATAGEM BY THE NATO BLOC COUNTRIES-- OF WHICH NORWAY IS A MEMBER-- AIMED AT THE SOVIET UN

"TO TALK ABOUT ONLY ONE EXPLOSION WOULD BE DANGEROUS," HE ADDED.

SWEDISH FOREIGN MINISTER OSTEN UNDEN TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT "PERHAPS IT IS NOT TOO LATE" TO ACT SINCE REPORTS OF THE SOVIET BIG B TEST HAVE NOT BEEN OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED.

THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID IN WASHINGTON THE SOVIET UNION SET OFF TWO NUCLEAR BLASTS TODAY-- ONE POSSIBLY AS HIGH AS 50 MEGATONS, BUT PROBABLY ON THE ORDER OF 30 MEGATONS.

EIGHT NATIONS-- SIX OF THEM ON THE FRINGE OF THE SOVIET TEST AREA-- HAVE SPONSORED THE RESOLUTION ASKING FOR A CANCELLATION OF THE TEST.

THOR THORS OF ICELAND, ANOTHER OF THE SPONSORING NATIONS, ALSO EXPRESSED HOPE "IT IS NOT TOO LATE" FOR SUCH AN APPEAL TO MOSCOW.

THE RESOLUTION WAS INTRODUCED ON FRIDAY. THE UNITED STATES IN A POLICY SPEECH THIS AFTERNOON MADE NO REFERENCE TO IT.

ARTHUR DEAN, THE U.S. DELEGATE, DEVOTED HIS ENTIRE TIME TO THE NEED FOR A TEST BAN TREATY PROVIDING EFFECTIVE CONTROLS, AND WILLINGNESS OF THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TO SIGN SUCH A TREATY AT ONCE.

DIPLOMATS EXPRESSED SURPRISE THAT DEAN DID NOT MENTION THE EIGHT-NATION RESOLUTION. THERE WAS SPECULATION HE DID SO BECAUSE OF LACK OF OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION THAT THE 50-MEGATON BLAST HAD ACTUALLY TAKEN PLACE.

DEAN'S ONLY REFERENCE TO THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH A TEST CAME AS HE CHARGED THAT SOVIET RESUMPTION OF TESTING IN THE ATMOSPHERE HAS SERIOUSLY INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSION.

"WE HAVE HAD REPORTS OF MORE TESTS OVER THE WEEK END AND PERHAPS OF TESTING THIS MORNING," HE SAID. "I AM INDEED SORRY TO SAY THAT THE SITUATION IS STEADILY DETERIORATING."

TW617PED

A78

SECOND NIGHT LEAD COMMUNIST A43 (300 UP)

BY PRESTON GROVER

MOSCOW, OCT. 23 (AP)-DEFENSE MINISTER MARSHAL RODION Y. MALINOVSKY DECLARED TODAY RUSSIA HAS DEVELOPED A DEADLY ACCURATE DEFENSE AGAINST ROCKETS--SUPPOSEDLY AN ANTIMISSILE MISSILE.

HE ALSO BOASTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW ARMED SERVICE BRANCH OF ROCHET AND NUCLEAR-ARMED TROOPS "CAPABLE OF INFLICTING A CRUSHING DEFEAT UPON THE AGGRESSOR."

"THE PROBLEM OF DESTROYING ROCKETS IN FLIGHT HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY SOLVED." TASS QUOTED MALINOVSKY AS TELLING THE 22ND SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS IN A REPORT ON ANTIAIRCRAFT AND ANTIROCKET DEFENSES.

INFORMANTS ATTENDING THE CLOSED CONGRESS SESSION SAID MALINOVSKY ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT SOVIET SCIENTISTS HAD "CONTROLLED" A 50-MEGATON NUCLEAR TEST BOMB. THERE WAS NO EXPLANATION OF PRECISELY WHAT

(THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IN WASHINGTON REPORTED THE SOVIET UNION SET OFF TWO NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS MONDAY--ONE POSSIBLY AS HIGH AS 50 MEGATONS BUT MORE LIKELY ABOUT 30 MEGATONS, THE EQUIVALENT OF 30 MILLION TONS OF TNT. SCIENTISTS IN SWEDEN, FRANCE AND JAPAN SAID THE FIRST EXPLOSION PROBABLY WAS A 50-MEGATON BOMB.)

PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV ANNOUNCED LAST WEEK THAT RUSSIA WOULD TEST A 50-MEGATON BOMB AT THE END OF OCTOBER.

MALINOVSKY REITERATED A KHRUSHCHEV CLAIM THAT RUSSIA HAS A 100-MEGATON BOMB.

MALINOVSKY'S ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DISCOVERY OF AN ANTIMISSILE WEAPON WAS NOT ACCOMPANIED BY ENOUGH FACTS TO INDICATE WHAT SORT OF WEAPON HAD BEEN DEVISED. KHRUSHCHEV SAID SEVERAL WEEKS AGO THAT PROGRESS WAS BEING MADE IN MEETING ANY THREAT OF NUCLEAR-ARMED MISSILES.

TASS SAID THE DEFENSE MINISTER TOLD THE CONGRESS:

"WE ARE READY TO CARRY OUT ANY TASK SET BEFORE THE ARMED FORCES."

INFORMANTS SAID MALINOVSKY ALSO CLAIMED THAT:

--RUSSIA HAS 1,800 MILITARY FORMATIONS OF VARIOUS TYPES THAT CAN FIRE MISSILES UPON ANY PART OF THE GLOBE.

---THE SOVIETS HAVE DEVELOPED LONG-RANGE MISSILES THAT ARE ACCURATE "TO THE MILLIMETER."

-- THE SOVIET SUBMARINE FLEET IS CAPABLE OF PATROLING UNDER THE ARCTIC ICE PACKS.

THE DEFENSE MINISTER SAID DEVELOPMENT OF THE ANTIMISSILE SYSTEM HAD BEEN CARRIED OUT AS PART OF THE REORGANIZATION OF THE ANTIAIRCRAFT AND ANTIROCKET DEFENSE FORCES.

HE SAID THE NEW BRANCH OF "STRATEGIC ROCKET-NUCLEAR TROOPS IS IN CONSTANT READINESS."

SPEAKING OF THE ARMED FORCES GENERALLY, MALINOVSKY SAID THEY "ARE NOW WELL-EQUIPPED AND THEIR ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND COMBAT PREPAREDNESS ARE FULLY IN KEEPING WITH...THE SITUATION NOW OBTAINING IN THE WORLD."

THE DECISIVE ROLE IN ANY FUTURE WAR WILL BELONG TO THE ROCKET TROOPS, MALINOVSKY SAID, BUT NEVERTHELESS "WE BELIEVE THAT THE FINAL VICTORY OVER THE AGGRESSOR CAN BE ACHIEVED ONLY THROUGH JOINT ACTION OF ALL ARMED FORCES."

HE ADDED, "WE ARE DEEPLY CONVINCED THAT IN THIS WAR, IF IT IS THRUST UPON US, THE SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) CAMP WILL BE VICTORIOUS AND CAPITALISM WILL BE DESTROYED FOREVER." AT THIS POINT MALINOVSKY RECEIVED "STORMY APPLAUSE FROM ALL THOSE PRESENT," TASS SAID.

MALINOVSKY ALSO LASHED OUT AT THE SO-CALLED ANTI-PARTY GROUP, FOLLOWING THE LINE SET BY KHRUSHCHEV AND NEARLY EVERYHOTHER SPEAKER SINCE THE CONGRESS BEGAN A WEK AGO.

IN AN APPARENT REFERENCE TO STALIN'S BLOODY PURGES OF THE OFFICER CORPS BEFORE WORLD WAR II, MALINOVSKY SAID:

"IF OUR DEAD CANNOT PRESENT SERIOUS ACCUSATIONS, I CAN SEE IN THIS HALL MANY OFFICERS WHO WERE IMPRISONED AND DISGRACED."

MALINOVSKY DENOUNCED HIS PREDECESSOR, MARSHAL GEORGI ZHUKOV, WHO WAS FIRED IN OCTOBER 1957, ACCUSING HIM OF "BONAPARTISM"--INCLINED TO DICTATORIAL TRAITS.

"WE WELCOMED THE MEASURES TAKEN TO CHECK ZHUKOV'S CULT OF HIS OWN PERSONALITY," MALINOVSKY SAID.

DMITRI POLYANSKY, A MEMBER OF THE PARTY PRESIDIUM, EARLIER ACCUSED EX-PRESIDENT KLEMENTI Y. VOROSHILOV OF ONCE CONDUCTING A STALINIST SUPPRESSION CAMPAIGN IN THE ARMY. HE ALSO ASSAILED EX-PREMIER AND FORMER FOREIGN MINISTER V.M. MOLOTOV AS HOPELESSLY SUNK IN STALINISM.

AN INFORMANT SAID VOROSHILOV GOT UP AT THE CONGRESS IN AN ATTEMPT

TO REPLY TO POLYANSKY BUT WAS TOLD BY THE PRESIDING OFFICER HE COULD NOT HAVE THE FLOOR.

THE SUSTAINED ATTACK ON THE ANTIPARTY GROUP, LED BY KHRUSHCHEV, APPEARED TO BE THE PRELUDE TO A FURTHER PURGE IN PARTY AND GOVERNMENT RANKS.

POLYANSKY, WHO ALSO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS OF THE BIG RUSSIAN FEDERATED REPUBLIC, DECLARED MOLOTOV HAD GOT HIMSELF INTO SUCH A RUT ON FOREIGN POLICY THAT HE COULD NOT GET OUT.

ONLY HIS EXPULSION FROM A POSITION OF POWER PERMITTED ADOPTION OF THE POLICY OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE, NOW THE TRADEMARK OF THE KHRUSHCHEV REGIME, POLYANSKY SAID.

MOLOTOV WAS DESCRIBED AS SO DEEPLY IMBUED WITH THE STALINIST DOCTRINE OF THE INEVITABILITY OF CONFLICT WITH IMPERIALIST STATES THAT HE COULD NOT CHANGE HIS POSITION.

POLYANSKY SAID VOROSHILOV, AS MARSHAL IN THE ARMY, HAD DIFFERED WITH THE KHRUSHCHEV GROUP ON IDEOLOGICAL GROUNDS.

VOROSHILOV, HE SAID, HAD FOUGHT THHE KHRUSHCHEV GROUP IN 1957 BECAUSE HE WAS AFRAID OF DISCLOSURE OF HIS OWN PART IN STALIN'S CAMPAIGN--WHICH AT ONE STAGE BEFORE WORLD WAR II RESULTED IN A SERIOUS DEPLETION OF THE OFFICER CORPS OF THE ARMY.

MARSHAL MIKHAIL TUKHACHEVSKY, WHO WAS SHOT IN A 1937 PURGE, WAS MENTIONED AS ONE OF THE VICTIMS OF THE STALINISTS. HE LATER WAS REHABILITATED BY THE PARTY UNDER KHRUSHCHEV.

POLYANSKY ALSO ASSAILED ALBANIA, ACCUSED BY KHRUSHCHEV AT THE OPENING SESSION OF DISRUPTING COMMUNIST UNITY. THE FIGHT OVER ALBANIA HAS LEFT A RIFT IN THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST MOVEMENT WITH RED CHINA AT THE HEAD OF A GROUP OF STATES WHO FEEL THAT SUCH FIGHTS SHOULD BE SETTLED IN PRIVATE.

BUT CLEARLY THE KHRUSHCHEV GROUP WANTS THE ISSUE IN THE OPEN, NOT ONLY FOR ITS EFFECT AMONG ANY STALINISTS IN OTHER COUNTRIES, BUT FOR ITS EFFECT ON STALINIST FOLLOWERS IN THE SOVIET UNION.

THERE ARE NUMBERS OF THEM, AND DOUBTLESS MANY IN POSITIONS OF RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OUT IN THE PROVINCES. THEIR FUTURE, UNDER THE IMPACT OF THE PRESENT ANTIPARTY DRIVE, COULD BE CONSIDERED PRETTY SHAKY.

THE BATTLE RAGES OVER A DOCTRINE VITAL TO COMMUNISM. THE STALINIST DOCTRINE WAS THAT WAR WAS INEVITABLE WITH IMPERIALIST STATES--THE WEST. ALBANIA SIDED WITH RED CHINA IN HOLDING THAT WAR WITH THE WEST IS INEVITABLE.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS INSISTED THAT WITH THE ADVENT OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, WAR AS SUCH IS SIMPLY TOO DISASTROUS TO CONTEMPLATE AND THAT COMMUNISM WILL HAVE TO ADVANCE BY EXAMPLE OF SHINING SUCCESSES ECONOMICALLY, CULTURALLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY.

THAT IS THE BACKGROUND OF HIS NEW 20 YEAR PROGRAM NOW BEFORE THE CONGRESS. THE PLAN IS TO PUT RUSSIA AHEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN ALL FIELDS OF PRODUCTION.

FOR THE MOST PART, FOREIGN SPEAKERS TOED THE KHRUSHCHEV LINE IN DENOUNCING STALINISM AND ALBANIA. THESE INCLUDED COMMUNIST DELEGATIONS FROM THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, CHILE, WEST GERMANY, SPAIN AND FINLAND.

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. COMMUNIST PARTY, SAID ALBANIA "IS UNDERMINING THE INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY OF THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT."

SHE ALSO PRAISED CUBA, SAYING CUBAN COMRADES "DESPITE THE AGGRESSIVE THREATS OF THE IMPERIALIST ELEMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES, WERE THE FIRST IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE TO EMBARK BOLDLY AND RESOLUTELY ON THE PATH LEADING TO SOCIALISM." SHE SAID AMERICANS DO NOT SUPPORT "THE MILITARY GAMBLES OF THE IMPERIALISTS."

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30.24-2035

A76

U R G E N T

CHOU

MOSCOW, OCT. 23 (AP)-RED CHINA'S PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI FLEW HOMEWARD TONIGHT FOR THE REPORTED PURPOSE OF HIGH-LEVEL PARTY DISCUSSIONS, INFORMED SOURCES SAID HE WOULD RETURN TO MOSCOW BEFORE THE SOVIET PARTY CONGRESS ENDS.

THE INFORMED REPORT REMOVED SOME SIGNS OF A BASIC SPLIT IN THE COMMUNIST CAMP BUT DID INDICATE THAT THE SOVIET ATTACK AGAINST CHINA-SUPPORTED ALBANIA HAD CREATED A NEW PROBLEM THAT MUST BE DISCUSSED ON A HIGH LEVEL IN PEIPING. CHINA'S CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG DID NOT COME TO THE MOSCOW CONGRESS.

PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WAS AT THE AIRPORT TO SEE CHOU OFF. IT WAS A CLEAR INDICATION THAT BOTH WISH TO KEEP AT LEAST AN APPEARANCE OF HARMONY IN THE CAMP EVEN THOUGH THERE HAS BEEN A COLLISION ON IDEOLOGICAL PROBLEMS AND ON THE BUSINESS OF HOW TO CONDUCT COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.

CHOU'S DEPARTURE WAS ANNOUNCED OVER MOSCOW RADIO, BUT IT DID NOT MENTION ANY RETURNING. COMMUNIST SOURCES SAID DEFINITELY HE WAS GOING TO PEIPING FOR A HIGH PARTY LEVEL CONFERENCE AND WOULD COME BACK.

THE CONGRESS IS EXPECTED TO CONTINUE AT LEAST THE REST OF THIS WEEK AND COULD EASILY BE PROLONGED FOR A GREATER PERIOD BECAUSE OF THE HUNDREDS OF SPEAKERS WHO WANT A TURN AT THE MICROPHONE.

THE DIVISION IN THE CAMP--OF UNKNOWN DEPTH--HAS SHOWN ITSELF ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS AND MOST RECENTLY AT THIS CONGRESS WHEN KHRUSHCHEV ATTACKED ALBANIA FOR SWINGING AWAY FROM THE LINE OF COMMUNIST DOCTRINE SUPPORTED BY THE SOVIET UNION.

AT HIS FIRST OPPORTUNITY AT THE MICROPHONE ON THE THIRD DAY OF THE CONFERENCE LAST WEEK CHOU CHIDED KHRUSHCHEV FOR THE ATTACK ON ALBANIA AND SAID PROBLEMS OF THIS KIND SHOULD BE SETTLED IN PRIVATE. TO AIR THEM IN PUBLIC,HE SAID, SADDENS FRIENDS AND GLADDENS THE ENEMY.

CHOU'S DEPARTURE INDICATED TO OBSERVERS HERE THAT TOP-LEVEL LEADERS OF THE CHINESE PARTY WANTED TO DISCUSS THE ALBANIAN SITUATION AGAIN BEFORE PARTICIPATING FURTHER IN ANY DISCUSSION OF THE PROBLEM.

BEFORE THE PARTY CONGRESS OPENED, THERE WERE INDICATIONS THAT A COMMUNIST SUMMIT CONFERENCE, SUCH AS WAS HELD HERE IN NOVEMBER LAST YEAR, MIGHT BE ARRANGED TO FOLLOW THE PRESENT MEETING. BUT THE DISCUSSION OVER ALBANIA RAISED SUCH POSSIBILITIES OF A SPLIT DURING THE DISCUSSIONS THAT IT APPEARED FOR A TIME THAT SUCH AN IDEA WOULD BE ABANDONED.

MOSCOW'S OFFICIAL INFORMATION SOURCES WERE SILENT ON THE WHOLE AFFAIR OTHER THAN TO REPORT THE DEPARTURE.

HB636PED

A182

WITH MOSCOW-CHOU

TOKYO, TUESDAY, OCT. 24 (AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI RETURNED TO PEIPING BY SPECIAL PLANE TODAY FROM THE 22ND SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS IN MOSCOW, RADIO PEIPING REPORTED.

CHOU WAS MET AT THE AIRPORT BY CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG, PRESIDENT LIU SHAO-CHI AND OTHER OFFICIALS, THE BROADCAST SAID. MAO DID NOT SEE CHOU OFF WHEN HE LEFT PEIPING FOR MOSCOW.

A REPORT FROM MOSCOW SAID CHOU WOULD RETURN THERE AFTER DISCUSSIONS IN PEIPING, PRESUMABLY ABOUT THE RIFT BETWEEN THE KREMLIN AND PEIPING OVER ALBANIA WHICH CAME INTO THE OPEN AT THE PARTY CONGRESS. BUT THE PEIPING BROADCAST SAID NOTHING ABOUT CHOU RETURNING TO THE PARTY CONGRESS.

BN146AED

A93WX

(50) FOLO ANTI-ROCKET

other than the approach warning provided by the ballistic missile

BY VERN HAUGLAND

WASHINGTON, OCT. 23 (AP)-U. S. DEFENSE OFFICIALS STUDIED TONIGHT THE NEWEST RUSSIAN CLAIMS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF A DEFENSE AGAINST ROCKETS.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE OFFICIAL COMMENT ON THE SOMEWHAT VAGUE STATEMENT BY DEFENSE MINISTER MARSHAL RODION Y. MALINOVSKY THAT "THE PROBLEM OF DESTROYING ROCKETS IN FLIGHT HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY SOLVED."

SOME AIR FORCE AND OTHER DEFENSE OFFICIALS SAID THAT IF MALINOVSKY WAS REFERRING TO A DEFENSE AGAINST AIR-TO-AIR OR AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILES, HE WAS MERELY ASSERTING A CAPABILITY MATCHING THAT OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES.

HOWEVER, IF HE MEANT BALLISTIC MISSILES, HIS STATEMENT COULD INDICATE A SOVIET LEAD IN THIS FIELD.

AIR FORCE EXPERTS FREQUENTLY HAVE SAID THAT WHILE THE PRESENT U. S. DEFENSE FORCE IS WELL EQUIPPED TO DEFEND AGAINST ATTACK BY ENEMY AIR-BREATHING VEHICLES, IT DOES NOT AS YET HAVE A DEFENSE AGAINST THE BALLISTIC MISSILE EARLY WARNING SYSTEM (BMEWS).

THE ARMY HAS BEEN DEVELOPING THE NIKE-ZEUS SYSTEM, AN ADVANCE BEYOND THE NIKE-HERCULES NUCLEAR ANTIAIRCRAFT WEAPON, AS A MISSILE DEFENSE. IT IS NOT YET OPERATIONAL.

THE AIR FORCE HAS BEEN STUDYING THREE TYPES OF DEFENSE AGAINST BALLISTIC MISSILES. THEY ARE:

1. THE TERMINAL SYSTEM--A LOCAL DEFENSE SYSTEM COMPOSED OF LARGE RADARS AND A VERY-HIGH-VELOCITY MISSILE DEPLOYED CLOSE TO THE TARGET BEING DEFENDED. THIS IS DESIGNED TO INTERCEPT AN ICBM NOSE CONE DURING ITS REENTRY INTO THE ATMOSPHERE.

2. A MID-COURSE SYSTEM--ESSENTIALLY THE TERMINAL SYSTEM WITH EXTENDED RANGE TO ENABLE IT TO INTERCEPT THE ICBM NOSE CONE WELL BACK ALONG ITS TRAJECTORY. BOTH OF THESE SYSTEMS MUST BE CAPABLE OF DETECTING THE NOSE CONE FROM AMONG A MASS OF DECOYS, A DIFFICULT PROBLEM AS YET ADMITTEDLY UNSOLVED.

3. A BOOST-INTERCEPT SYSTEM THAT WOULD INTERCEPT THE ENEMY ICBM DURING ITS BOOST PHASE WHILE ITS PROPELLANT IS STILL BURNING SO THAT IT IS IN ITS MOST VULNERABLE CONDITION. NONNUCLEAR WEAPONS COULD DESTROY ENEMY MISSILES DURING THIS PHASE BY CAUSING THEM TO EXPLODE OR GO ASTRAY.

BMEWS, WHICH CONSISTS OF THREE LARGE RADAR SITES IN ALASKA, GREENLAND AND THE UNITED KINGDOM, WILL PROVIDE ALLIED COUNTERSTRIKE FORCES WITH AN AVERAGE OF 15 MINUTES OF WARNING OF AN ICBM ATTACK.

KEY DEFENSES AGAINST AIRCRAFT AND THE AIR-BREATHING MISSILES ARE THE MANNED INTERCEPTOR PLANES ARMED WITH GUIDED ROCKETS.

COMPLEMENTING THE MANNED INTERCEPTORS IS THE BOMARC GROUND-TO-AIR UNMANNED INTERCEPTOR WITH A RANGE OF 200 MILES FOR THE A MODEL AND 400 MILES FOR THE B MODEL. WITH A REACTION TIME OF TWO MINUTES OR LESS, A BOMARC SITE CAN SEND AS MANY AS 60 MISSILES ALOFT AT SPEEDS OF 2,000 MILES AN HOUR, TO ALTITUDES OF MORE THAN 60,000 FEET.

BOMARC HAS ITS OWN INTERNAL TARGET SEEKER THAT LEADS IT TO THE TARGET. ARMED WITH A NUCLEAR WARHEAD, BOMARC DOES NOT NEED TO SCORE A DIRECT HIT.

THE AIR FORCE CONSIDERS BALLISTIC MISSILES, PRIMARILY THE ICBM AND THE SUBMARINE-LAUNCHED BALLISTIC MISSILE, THE MOST IMMEDIATE OF ENEMY THREATS, AND BELIEVES THE SOVIET FORCES WILL HAVE THEM IN LARGE NUMBERS IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

WITHIN THE NEXT DECADE, THE AIR FORCE ANTICIPATES THE UNITED STATES WILL NEED DEFENSES AGAINST:

MANNED OR UNMANNED BOMBARDMENT SATELLITES CARRYING NUCLEAR WARHEADS THAT CAN BE EJECTED TOWARD TARGETS ON THE EARTH.

ROCKET-BOOSTED AERODYNAMIC VEHICLES WITH A LONG RE-ENTRY PATH, THAT ARE SUPERIOR TO THE ICBM IN OFFERING A GREATER PAYLOAD FOR A GIVEN SIZE OF BOOSTER.

SUPERSONIC LOW-ALTITUDE MISSILES OF INTERCONTINENTAL RANGE.

GLOBAL-RANGE SUPER-ICBMS THAT CAN BE FIRED AT TARGETS ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD--OVER THE SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE AT THE UNITED STATES, FOR EXAMPLE.

THE MIDAS MISSILE DEFENSE ALARM SATELLITE IS BEING DEVELOPED TO PROVIDE A WARNING, FOUR TO 15 MINUTES EARLIER THAN BMEWS CAN, OF A GLOBAL-RANGE ICBM ATTACK.

MANNED SPACE PLATFORMS--SATELLITES WITH RECONNAISSANCE AND WARHEAD-DELIVERY CAPABILITY--AND MANEUVERABLE MANNED SPACECRAFT WITH OFFENSIVE CAPABILITIES.

THE AIR FORCE IS PLACING INTO OPERATION A SPACE WARNING AND CONTROL SYSTEM (SWACS) WHICH, WHEN COMPLETED, WILL PROVIDE DETECTION, TRACKING AND IDENTIFICATION OF ALL ORBITAL VEHICLES. SWACS WILL SERVE AS THE SURVEILLANCE AND CONTROL PORTION OF THE SAINT SATELLITE INSPECTION SYSTEM, A SATELLITE THAT WILL HELP DETERMINE WHETHER AN OBJECT IN ORBIT IS A THREAT. IT IS BELIEVED THAT THE SATELLITE WILL BE DESIGNED TO RENDEZVOUS NEAR AN UNIDENTIFIED SATELLITE AND, IF NECESSARY, TO DESTROY IT.

WITH REGARD TO U. S. OFFENSIVE MISSILES, IT IS NOT BELIEVED THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE AN EFFECTIVE DEFENSE AGAINST THE ATLAS AND TITAN ICBMS CURRENTLY BEING DELIVERED TO THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND, THE MINUTEMAN ICBM TO BE INTRODUCED NEXT YEAR, OR THE POLARIS SUBMARINE-LAUNCHED MISSILE NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE NAVY.

THE BACKBONE OF SAC STILL IS ITS FLEET OF MANNED JET BOMBERS--THE B47S, B52S AND SUPERSONIC B58S--ALL CAPABLE OF CARRYING NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND, WITH IN-FLIGHT REFUELING, OF REACHING ANY MILITARY TARGET.

THE NEWEST MODEL B52G, IN ADDITION TO CARRYING A NUCLEAR BOMB LOAD, IS ARMED WITH TWO NUCLEAR-TIPPED JET-PROPELLED 500-MILE-RANGE HOUND DOG MISSILES. THE B52H WILL USE AIR-LAUNCHED SKYBOLT BALLISTIC MISSILES WITH A RANGE OF MORE THAN 1,000 MILES IN PLACE OF HOUND DOG.

GEN. CURTIS E. LEMAY, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF AND FORMER SAC COMMANDER, SAID RECENTLY THAT BY THE MID-1960S, MUCH OF SAC'S STRIKING POWER WILL BE ENTRUSTED TO THE UNMANNED SYSTEMS--ICBMS AND AIR-TO-SURFACE MISSILES.

"BUT UNTIL MISSILES REACH THE REQUIRED STATE OF RELIABILITY, THE MANNED BOMBER WILL REPRESENT THE MAJOR U. S. MILITARY INSTRUMENT TO ENSURE PEACE," HE SAID.

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A101

U R G E N T (210)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD BERLIN A50

1961

BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

BERLIN, OCT. 23 (AP)-THREE AMERICANS DEFIED A NEW COMMUNIST BORDER RESTRICTION IN DIVIDED BERLIN TONIGHT AND WON AN ARGUMENT OVER EAST GERMAN POLICE.

THEY REFUSED TO COMPLY WITH AN EAST GERMAN RULE ANNOUNCED TODAY ORDERING MEMBERS OF ALLIED GARRISONS IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES TO PROVE THEIR IDENTITY WHEN CROSSING TO AND FROM THE COMMUNIST SECTOR.

THE REGIME ANNOUNCED THE RESTRICTION AFTER THE U.S. COMMAND IN BERLIN PROTESTED TO THE RUSSIANS AGAINST THE HALTING OF A TOP STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL BY EAST GERMAN POLICE. EAST GERMANY BLAMED THE INCIDENT ON THE AMERICANS.

A FEW HOURS AFTER THE IDENTIFICATION DECREE WAS ISSUED THREE AMERICANS IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES, DRIVING A CAR WITH THE U.S. ARMY'S PLATES ISSUED FOR PRIVATE CARS, CROSSED THE FRIEDRICHSTRASSE CHECKPOINT IN THE COMMUNIST WALL.

THIS IS THE ONLY GATEWAY LEFT FOR ALLIED PERSONNEL AND THE CAR GOT THROUGH WITHOUT HINDRANCE. THREE HOURS LATER IT RETURNED, WAS STOPPED BY EAST GERMAN POLICE AND AN ARGUMENT ENSUED BEFORE THE CAR WAS ALLOWED TO DROVE ON.

THE DRIVER, WHO DECLINED TO IDENTIFY HIMSELF, REPORTED THE POLICEMAN HAD DEMANDED IDENTITY PAPERS.

"I TOLD HIM I WAS NOT GOING TO SHOW HIM MY PAPERS," THE AMERICAN SAID. "THERE WAS A BRIEF ARGUMENT AND THEN I WAS ALLOWED TO PASS."

A U.S. SPOKESMAN SAID NO ALLIED COMMENT ON THE EAST GERMAN ORDER WAS EXPECTED TONIGHT.

U.S. MILITARY POLICE BEGAN LOOKING INTO SOVIET MILITARY VEHICLES FOR THE FIRST TIME IN APPARENT RETALIATION FOR THE HARASSMENT OF ALLIED PERSONNEL.

AND WEST BERLIN POLICE ANNOUNCED THEIR BORDER GUARDS ARE BEING ARMED WITH TEAR GAS AND SUBMACHINE GUNS. THIS REQUIRED PERMISSION OF THE WESTERN ALLIED OCCUPYING POWERS.

THE HALTING LAST NIGHT OF THE CAR OF E. ALLAN LIGHTNER JR., DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE U.S. MISSION, BROUGHT TENSION TO A HIGH PITCH.

EIGHT U.S. MILITARY POLICE WITH FIXED BAYONETS FINALLY ENTERED EAST BERLIN TO INSURE PASSAGE OF HIS CAR. EAST BERLIN POLICE DID NOT INTERFERE. FOLLOWING ALLIED PROCEDURE, LIGHTNER HAD REFUSED TO SHOW HIS IDENTIFICATION CARD TO EAST BERLIN POLICE. (2)

THE PROTEST TO THE RUSSIANS WAS MADE BY MAJ. GEN. ALBERT WATSON II, THE U.S. COMMANDANT, TO COL. ANDREI I. SOLOVYEV, THE SOVIET COMMANDER IN EAST BERLIN, A U.S. SPOKESMAN SAID. A PROTEST ALSO HAD BEEN MADE ON THE SPOT TO A SOVIET OFFICER WHEN THE EAST GERMANS HALTED LIGHTNER'S CAR.

THE RUSSIANS ARE EXPECTED TO REPLY WITH A PROTEST OF THEIR OWN AGAINST THE U.S. MILITARY INCURSION INTO EAST BERLIN, THE FIRST UNDER THE OCCUPATION.

WATSON'S LETTER FOLLOWED CLOSELY A STATEMENT BY GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN BERLIN, ASSAILING THE "IRRESPONSIBLE AND ILLEGAL BEHAVIOR" OF EAST GERMAN POLICE.

CLAY SAID THE EAST GERMAN POLICE ACTION FORCED "THE UNITED STATES TO SEND A MILITARY ESCORT INTO THE SOVIET SECTION TO ASSIST THE U.S. MINISTER IN EXERCISING HIS RIGHT OF FREE ENTRY AND FREE MOVEMENT IN THE SOVIET SECTOR." LIGHTNER HAS THE RANK OF MINISTER. (3)

SIMULTANEOUS WITH THE U.S. SPOKESMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENT, THE EAST GERMANS INSISTED THAT ALLIES IN CIVILIAN CLOTHING MUST SHOW THEIR IDENTITY CARDS WHEN CROSSING INTO THE SOVIET SECTOR.

THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY, ADN, CARRIED A DECLARATION BY THE EAST GERMAN INTERIOR MINISTRY THAT ALL PERSONS IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES MUST PROVE THEIR IDENTITY TO BORDER GUARDS. THE ALLIES HAVE ALWAYS REFUSED TO DO THIS, CONTENDING THAT THE ARMY REGISTRATION PLATES OF PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES ARE SUFFICIENT. (4)

MILITARY VEHICLES WITH UNIFORMED PASSENGERS ARE GENERALLY LET BY WITHOUT HINDRANCE FROM THE EAST GERMAN POLICE, ALTHOUGH THERE WERE CASES OF U.S. ARMY CARS BEING STOPPED IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE PRESENT CRISIS.

IN A REFERENCE TO THE LIGHTNER INCIDENT, THE INTERIOR MINISTRY STATEMENT SAID EAST GERMANY WOULD NOT TOLERATE ANY VIOLATION OF THE RULE BY "PERSONS COMING FROM WEST BERLIN IN CIVILIAN CLOTHES AND STATING THEY ARE MEMBERS OF THE OCCUPATION FORCES OR THE U.S. MISSION."

THE EAST GERMAN ORDER WAS A NEW INROAD ON WESTERN RIGHTS IN BERLIN. UNDER POSTWAR AGREEMENTS SETTING UP WESTERN AUTHORITY TO OCCUPY BERLIN, WESTERN PERSONNEL IN OR OUT OF UNIFORM HAVE THE RIGHT TO MOVE FREELY IN BOTH PARTS OF THE CITY. (5)

UNTIL LAST WEEK, CIVILIANS IN CARS WITH ALLIED LICENSE PLATES WERE USUALLY ALLOWED TO ENTER EAST BERLIN WITHOUT BEING STOPPED AT THE FRIEDRICHSTRASSE CHECKPOINT. FRIEDRICHSTRASSE IS THE ONLY POINT WHERE FOREIGNERS ARE ALLOWED TO CROSS THE CONCRETE-AND BARBED-WIRE-WALL DIVIDING THE CITY.

THE EAST GERMAN POLICE BEGAN HALTING CIVILIANS IN ISOLATED CASES EARLY LAST WEEK. USUALLY THEY WERE ALLOWED TO PASS AFTER AN ALLIED OFFICER INTERVENED, OR IF THEY WERE ACCOMPANIED BY AN ALLIED SOLDIER IN UNIFORM.

U.S. MILITARY POLICE AT "CHECKPOINT CHARLIE," AS THEY CALL THE FRIEDRICHSTRASSE CROSSING, WERE TAKING A CLOSER LOOK THAN USUAL AT SOVIET ARMY VEHICLES COMING INTO THE WEST.

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INSTEAD OF JUST WAVING THEM ON, AS FORMERLY, THE MPS WERE HALTING THE VEHICLES AND LOOKING INSIDE. THIS HAPPENED TO A CARLOAD OF FOUR RUSSIAN OFFICERS AND TO A BUS CARRYING THE RELIEF GUARD FOR THE SOVIET WAR MEMORIAL IN THE BRITISH SECTOR.

THE PROCESS LASTED ONLY A FEW SECONDS AND NO SOVIET VEHICLE WAS TURNED BACK. A U.S. MISSION SPOKESMAN REFUSED TO CONFIRM OR DENY THAT A NEW POLICY OF CHECKING SOVIET VEHICLES HAD BEEN INTRODUCED. (6)

SUBMACHINE GUNS WERE HANDED OUT TO WEST BERLIN POLICE PATROLLING THE TENSE AND TURBULENT BORDERS OF THE CITY. IT APPEARED TO BE COINCIDENCE THAT THEY GOT THEM THE DAY AFTER THE SERIOUS INCIDENT. A POLICE REQUEST FOR BETTER WEAPONS HAS BEEN UNDER STUDY FOR A COUPLE OF WEEKS BY THE ALLIES, WHO HAVE THE FINAL WORD ON POLICE MATTERS.

THE POLICE WERE ALSO PROVIDED WITH TEAR GAS FOR QUICK RETALIATION AGAINST ANY COMMUNIST-PROVOKED INCIDENTS.

THE SUBMACHINE GUNS CAME FROM BRITISH ARMY STOCKS. POLICE PATROLING IN PAIRS ALONG THE BORDER WITH EAST GERMANY AND THE COMMUNIST WALL THROUGH THE CITY WERE ALL CARRYING THE SUBMACHINE GUNS AND GRENADES.

PREVIOUSLY WEST POLICE HAVE HAD ONLY PISTOLS TO MATCH THE SUBMACHINE GUNS, LIGHT AND HEAVY MACHINE GUNS AND TEAR GAS GRENADES OF THE EAST GERMAN BORDER GUARDS.

JT406PED

A108 With note Berlin 1961

U R G E N T

BERLIN, TUESDAY, OCT. 24 (AP)-EAST AND WEST BRLIN POLICE FOUGHT A DUEL WITH TEAR GAS GRENADES FOR NEARLY HALF AN HOUR LAST NIGHT, WEST POLICE REPORTED TODAY.

THE WEST POLICE PATROLLING THE BORDERS WERE ISSUED SUBMACHINE GUNS AND TEAR GAS GRENADES FOR THE FIRST TIME YESTERDAY.

IT WASN'T LONG BEFORE THE FIRST USE HAD BEEN MADE OF THE TEAR GAS.

AT WOLLANKSTRASSE, ON THE FRENCH SECTOR BORDER, THE COMMUNISTS TRIED TO SILENCE A WEST LOUDSPEAKER VAN BY TOSSING FIVE TEAR GAS GRENADES AT IT.

ONLY TWO DETONATED, BUT THE EXPLOSION OF ONE OF THEM SMASHED THE GLASS OF A CAR IN THE WEST.

THE WEST POLICE SAID THEY THREW BACK SIX GRENADES "WITH GOOD EFFECT."

AT ANOTHER SPOT IN THE NORTH, NEAR THE SCHOENHOLZ ELEVATED STATION WEST BERLIN AUTOMOBILE OWNERS DROWNED THE WORDS OF AN EAST LOUDSPEAKER VAN BY SOUNDING THEIR HORNS.

POLICE SAID THE MOTORISTS KEPT THE NOISE GOING FOR THREE-QUARTERS OF AN HOUR.

KS&PED

A77 1961

LONDON, OCT. 23 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY ASSURED A GROUP OF LABOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TODAY THAT IN DEALING WITH BERLIN "WE ARE COMMITTED TO NO RIGID FORMULAS AND ARE PREPARED TO EXPLORE EVERY REASONABLE AVENUE OF APPROACH."

REPLYING TO A MESSAGE THE GROUP SENT TO HIM, KENNEDY WROTE:

"I MEAN TO DO EVERYTHING IN MY POWER TO BRING ABOUT A PEACEFUL AND HONORABLE SOLUTION TO THE BERLIN PROBLEM, BUT I AM SURE THAT YOU REALIZE THAT SUCH A SOLUTION CANNOT BE ACHIEVED SIMPLY BY UNILATERAL ACTION ON THE PART OF THE UNITED STATES."

ON NUCLEAR TESTING, ANOTHER MATTER ON WHICH THE 72 LABORITES EXPRESSED CONCERN, KENNEDY REITERATED THAT HIS GOVERNMENT IS READY ANY TIME TO SIGN THE DRAFT TEST BAN TREATY THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN SUBMITTED TO THE SOVIET UNION LAST SPRING IN GENEVA.

THE LABOR GROUP SENT LETTERS TO KENNEDY AND SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV A FORTNIGHT AGO, URGING A MORATORIUM ON NUCLEAR TESTING AND NEGOTIATIONS ON THE BERLIN PROBLEM.

KHRUSHCHEV'S REPLY, MADE PUBLIC OCT. 13, INSISTED THAT A NUCLEAR TEST BAN MUST BE A PART OF A GENERAL DISARMAMENT PLAN. THE SOVIET PREMIER SAID HE STILL THOUGHT THAT THE BEST BERLIN SOLUTION WOULD BE TO MAKE WEST BERLIN A FREE CITY.

JG731AED

A159 (130)

PARIS, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE U.S. ARMY PULLED 250 TROOPS OUT OF GERMANY TODAY TO HELP PRODUCER DARRYL F. ZANUCK FILM "THE LONGEST DAY," A STORY OF THE NORMANDY LANDINGS.

ORIGINALLY 700 INFANTRYMEN WERE SCHEDULED TO TAKE PART IN THE MOVIE-MAKING, BUT THE U.S. EUROPEAN COMMAND SAID THE CONTINGENT WAS CUT TO 250 ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORDERS. THE DECISION FOLLOWED CRITICISM OF THE USE OF GERMAN-BASED TROOPS IN THE FACE OF THE BERLIN SITUATION.

THE EUROPEAN COMMAND SAID THE TROOPS WERE MOVED AT ZANUCK'S EXPENSE FROM A BASE NEAR FRANKFURT, GERMANY, TO A LOCATION NEAR LA ROCHELLE, FRANCE. MOST WILL REMAIN ON LOCATION UNTIL NOV. 9. THEY WILL THEN RETURN TO GERMANY AT ZANUCK'S EXPENSE, THE COMMAND SPOKESMAN SAID. THE MEN BELONG TO THE 8TH INFANTRY DIVISION.

U.S. MILITARY AUTHORITIES SAID THE MEN ARE CONSIDERED TO BE ON A WORTHWHILE TRAINING EXERCISE.

JT1206PED

A104KX

NIGHT LEAD (130)

VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., OCT. 23 (AP)-THE TROUBLE-PLAGUED DISCOVERER SATELLITE SERIES, DESIGNED TO PERFECT A WAY TO RECOVER PACKAGES FROM SPACE, HIT ANOTHER SNAG TODAY. DISCOVERER 33 FAILED TO ORBIT.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THE ENGINE OF THE SECOND STAGE AGENA ROCKET APPARENTLY SHUT OFF BEFORE REACHING ORBITAL SPEED.

THE ROCKET PRESUMABLY BURNED UP IN THE ATMOSPHERE OVER THE PACIFIC.

ONLY EIGHT CAPSULES HAVE BEEN RECOVERED IN THE SERIES, WHICH BEGAN ALMOST THREE YEARS AGO.

DISCOVERERS CARRY CAPSULES TO BE EJECTED SO THEY WILL PARACHUTE TO EARTH NEAR HAWAII. SIX TIMES THEY HAVE BEEN CAUGHT IN THE AIR BY TRAPEZE-TRAILING PLANES; TWICE THEY HAVE BEEN FISHED FROM THE OCEAN.

MIDAS MISSILE-DETECTION AND SAMOS CAMERA RECONNAISSANCE SATELLITES EVENTUALLY MAY USE THIS METHOD TO RETURN FILMS AND TAPES TO EARTH.

DD553PCS

A41AX

NIGHT LEAD MISSILES (300

BY HOWARD BENEDICT

1961

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., OCT. 23 (AP)-THE NAVY SUCCESSFULLY FIRED AN ADVANCED A2 POLARIS FROM A SUBMARINE FOR THE FIRST TIME TODAY, BUT SCIENTISTS AGAIN WERE FRUSTRATED IN THEIR EFFORT TO LAUNCH A RANGER 2 SATELLITE ON A MILLION MILE ROUNDTRIP JOURNEY INTO SPACE.

THE USS ETHAN ALLEN, NEWEST AND LARGEST OF THE POLARIS SUBMARINES, FIRED THE POLARIS FROM 90 FEET BENEATH THE ATLANTIC OCEAN ABOUT 50 MILES SOUTHEAST OF CAPE CANAVERAL. THE TWO-STAGE SOLID-FUEL WEAPON RUFFLED THE SURFACE, IGNITED IN THE AIR AND ZIPPED MORE THAN 1,000 MILES DOWN RANGE.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT DECLINED TO ANNOUNCE RESULTS OF THE TEST, ENFORCING AN 8-MONTH-OLD NO-INFORMATION POLICY ON MISSILE TESTS CONDUCTED "AWAY FROM PUBLIC VIEW." HOWEVER, THE MISSILE WAS CLEARLY VISIBLE TO OBSERVERS IN THE CAPE AREA AS IT SPED ACROSS A CLEAR SKY.

PRESSED ON THE POINT THAT THE MISSILE WAS SEEN, DEFENSE OFFICIALS ADMITTED THAT A POLARIS HAD BEEN FIRED. INFORMED SOURCES REPORTED THE PROJECTILE PERFORMED AS PLANNED.

SEVERAL HOURS EARLIER. TECHNICAL PROBLEMS FORCED THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION TO POSTPONE THE RANGER 2 LAUNCHING FOR THE THIRD TIME IN FOUR DAYS. THE 675-POUND SPACECRAFT IS DESIGNED TO PROBE DEEP INTO SPACE ON A WIDE-RANGING EARTH ORBIT TO TRY OUT TECHNIQUES AND EQUIPMENT FOR SENDING FUTURE VEHICLES TO THE MOON AND BEYOND.

THE COUNTDOWN ON THE ATLAS-AGENA BOOSTER ROCKET HAD PROGRESSED TO WITHIN 47 MINUTES OF LAUNCH WHEN THE SHOT WAS DELAYED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

THE POSTPONEMENT MEANS TIME IS RUNNING OUT FOR RANGER 2. TO PUT THE SATELLITE ON THE PROPER COURSE IN RELATION TO THE MOON, SUN AND EARTH, THE SPACE AGENCY MUST FIRE THE ROCKET BY FRIDAY, OR DELAY IT SEVERAL WEEKS UNTIL THE NEXT FAVORABLE PERIOD.

THE ADVANCED A2 POLARIS, MADE BY LOCKHEED AIRCRAFT, REPORTEDLY PASSED ITS FIRST UNDERWATER FIRING WITHOUT MISHAP. THE IMPROVED ROCKET WILL ENABLE SUBMARINES TO STRIKE TARGETS UP TO 1,725 MILES AWAY--NEARLY 400 MILES FARTHER THAN THE RANGE OF THE A1 ROCKET NOW DEPLOYED ABOARD FIVE NUCLEAR SUBS.

BE213PES NM

A8

MOSCOW, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION FIRED ANOTHER MULTISTAGE ROCKET 7,500 MILES INTO THE CENTRAL PACIFIC YESTERDAY "WITH A HIGH DEGREE OF ACCURACY," TASS SAID TODAY. IT WAS THE SIXTH SHOT ANNOUNCED IN THE CURRENT SERIES.

THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID "ALL THE ROCKETS AND METERING SYSTEMS OPERATED FAULTLESSLY." THE ANNOUNCEMENT ADDED THAT THERE WILL BE MORE LAUNCHINGS IN THE SERIES, DESCRIBED AS TESTING MORE POWERFUL ROCKETS FOR SPACE EXPLORATIONS.

THE TESTS WERE SCHEDULED TO END LAST WEEK, BUT THE SOVIET UNION DECIDED TO EXTEND THEM.

JT120PED

A14

U R G E N T

1961

FIRST LEAD U.N.-SECRETARY-GENERAL

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES MOVED CLOSER TOWARD AGREEMENT ON SELECTION OF A TEMPORARY U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL IN AN HOUR'S CONFERENCE OF THEIR TOP DIPLOMATS HERE TODAY.

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN TOLD REPORTERS THE ONLY DISAGREEMENT THAT REMAINS IS ON THE NUMBER OF PRINCIPAL ADVISERS THE U.N. CHIEF SHOULD CHOOSE TO BE HIS UNDERSECRETARIES.

U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON SAID HE STILL INSISTS THERE SHOULD BE FIVE. HE DECLARED THE REMAINING DISAGREEMENT ON THIS POINT WAS ESSENTIALLY NOT OVER NUMBERS BUT OVER GEOGRAPHY, AND STEMMED FROM A SOVIET EFFORT TO GET A POLITICAL DIVISION OF THE WORLD. HE SAID HE WOULD MEET ZORIN AGAIN TOMORROW.

STEVENSON SAID THE TWO WERE AGREED ON THE SUBSTANCE OF A STATEMENT THAT THE ACTING SECRETARY-GENERAL SHOULD MAKE OF HIS INTENTION TO CONSULT HIS PRINCIPAL ADVISERS. HE SAID HE THOUGHT THEY WERE AGREED ON THE TIMING OF STATEMENT, AND THE U.S. VIEW WAS THAT ANY STATEMENT SHOULD COME ONLY AFTER THE TEMPORARY SECRETARY-GENERAL HAD BEEN APPROVED BOTH IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

BUT, STEVENSON CAUTIONED, "WE DON'T CONSIDER THAT THERE'S AGREEMENT ON ANYTHING UNTIL THERE'S AGREEMENT ON EVERYTHING."

PERHAPS WITH THE SAME IDEA IN MIND, ZORIN SAID, "TILL NOW, NO AGREEMENT. BUT WE HOPE THAT MR. STEVENSON WILL GIVE HIS CONSENT . . . TO EVERYTHING WE TOLD HIM."

THE N HE ADDED, "THE SITUATION IS THAT FIVE POINTS ARE ALREADY AGREED; ONLY ONE IS LEFT TO BE AGREED--THE NUMBER."

NEITHER HE NOR STEVENSON WOULD LIST THESE POINTS. BUT THEY COULD BE (1) THE MAN, (2) THE LENGTH OF HIS TERM, (3) THE METHOD OF ELECTION. (4) THE TERMS OF THE STATEMENT AND (5) THE TIMING OF THE STATEMENT.

THE TWO MEN HAVE BEEN SEEKING SOME ARRANGEMENT FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, KILLED IN A PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA FIVE WEEKS AGO.

IT WAS THE SEVENTH MEETING BETWEEN THE TWO DIPLOMATS, WHO HAVE AGREED ON U THANT, BURMESE DELEGATE, AS THE MAN FOR THE JOB. THEY ARE STILL TRYING TO WORK OUT AN AGREEMENT ON HOW MANY TOP LEVEL ADVISERS HE SHOULD HAVE AND THE TIMING OF A STATEMENT OF INTENT FROM U THANT.

ZORIN ASKED THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FOR INSTRUCTIONS LATE LAST WEEK AFTER STEVENSON URGED HIM TO ACCEPT A WESTERN-BACKED PROPOSAL FOR FIVE UNDERSECRETARIES AS TOP ADVISERS. HE WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE RECEIVED A REPLY FROM THE KREMLIN.

STEVENSON, MEANWHILE, DISCUSSED THIS AND OTHER U.N. PROBLEMS YESTERDAY WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY AT NEWPORT, R.I.

DB/JT103PED

1961

EEO
BS9WX (Q)

(350) NIGHT LEAD EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, OCT. 23 (AP)-A RESEARCHER WHO SPECIALIZES IN SOVIET INDUSTRY TESTIFIED TODAY THAT RUSSIA'S STRENGTH HAS BEEN BUILT UP IN GREAT PART BY "MANY ERRORS OF JUDGMENT" OF THE UNITED STATES AND WESTERN EUROPE.

MACHINE TOOLS WERE CITED AS ONE EXAMPLE BY JOSEPH A. GWYER, NOW ON LEAVE FROM THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS. HE SAID ALLEN DULLES, OUTGOING HEAD OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY, WAS FOOLED BY RUSSIAN ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN THE FIELD.

GWYER RECOMMENDED TO THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE THAT THE WESTERN NATIONS BAR ALL SHIPMENTS OF MACHINE TOOLS TO COMMUNIST BLOC NATIONS. AND HE SAID ALL AID SHOULD BE DENIED TO YUGOSLAVIA AND POLAND.

THE SENATE GROUP IS TRYING TO FIND OUT IF STRATEGIC MATERIALS THAT COULD INCREASE THE SOVIET BLOC'S WAR-MAKING POTENTIAL ARE BEING EXPORTED TO IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES--AND WHY. A SPECIAL HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE IS STARTING CLOSED HEARINGS ON THE SAME SUBJECT ON WEDNESDAY.

GWYER, WHILE SAYING HE WAS NOT A MACHINE TOOL EXPERT, TOLD THE HEARING HE HAS DEVOTED MUCH STUDY TO SOVIET INDUSTRY, BOTH FOR THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS AND AS AN ARMY INTELLIGENCE EXPERT SEVERAL YEARS AGO.

HE QUOTED DULLES AS SAYING IN A 1959 SPEECH THAT THE RUSSIANS WERE OUTPRODUCING THE UNITED STATES IN MACHINE TOOLS 4 TO 1. ACTUALLY, GWYER SAID, RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN TOOL OUTPUT IS ABOUT EVEN.

DULLES ERRED, GWYER SAID, BY COMPARING SOVIET PRODUCTION FIGURES FOR ALL TYPES OF TOOLS, INCLUDING LIGHT ONES, WITH U.S. OUTPUT OF ONLY HEAVY INDUSTRY TOOLS.

EVEN A STRAIGHT COMPARISION OF HEAVY TOOLS IS MISLEADING, GWYER SAID, BECAUSE U.S. METHODS ARE FAR MORE PRODUCTIVE. HE ESTIMATED THAT THIS COUNTRY IS 15 TO 20 YEARS AHEAD OF RUSSIA IN MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY.

CITING HOW HE BELIEVED THE WESTERN NATIONS HAD HELPED RUSSIA, GWYER SAID BEFORE WORLD WAR II THE UNITED STATES HELPED THE SOVIETS WITH STEEL, AUTO AND HYDROELECTRIC PLANTS, GERMANY WITH MACHINE TOOLS, ITALY WITH SHIPBUILDING AND FRANCE WITH AIRPLANE PRODUCTION.

DURING THE WAR, HE SAID, AMERICA SHIPPED LARGE QUANTITIES OF INDUSTRIA MACHINERY TO THE RUSSIANS ALONG WITH MILITARY EQUIPMENT.

GWYER SAID A RECENT SHIPMENT TO RUSSIA FROM FRANCE OF A HEAVY TUBE-MAKING MACHINE WAS A GOOD EXAMPLE OF THE EXPORT OF A HIGHLY STRATEGIC ITEM TO THE COMMUNISTS.

30.24-2039

HE SAID AMERICA'S ALLIES IN EUROPE HAVE CONTINUED TO SHIP STRATEGIC ITEMS TO RUSSIA EVEN THOUGH THE UNITED STATES HAS REFUSED TO DO SO.

AS FOR WITHHOLDING AID TO YUGOSLAVIA, GWYER SAID MARSHAL TITO IS "STILL THOROUGHLY INTERESTED IN WORLDWIDE COMMUNISM."

GWYER SAID, "I DO NOT THINK ANYTHING OF SIGNIFICANCE SHOULD BE SENT TO THE SOVIET UNION, AND THE SOVIETS PURCHASE ONLY ITEMS OF SIGNIFICANCE."

HE SAID, "PERHAPS 150 TO 200 ITEMS OF SIGNIFICANCE" NOW ARE BEING SOLD TO RUSSIA OR THE COMMUNIST BLOC BY AMERICAN EXPORTERS. HE MENTIONED RUBBER, SCRAP METAL AND VEHICLES AS EXAMPLES.

"THEY MIGHT NOT BE CONSIDERED OF STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE IN THIS COUNTRY, BUT THEY ARE STRATEGIC TO THE SOVIETS," GWYER SAID.

HE SAID HE SAW LITTLE DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE TERMS STRATEGIC AND NON-STRATEGIC IN CONSIDERING TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

THE STATE CONTROLS ALL PRODUCTION IN THE SOVIET UNION, GWYER SAID, SO THAT IF THE RUSSIANS CAN BUY A NON-MILITARY ITEM ABROAD, THEY CAN FREE HOME INDUSTRY TO CONCENTRATE ON MILITARY CUTPUT.

THE SPECIALIST SAID HE IS ON LEAVE FROM THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS TO SERVE ON THE STAFF OF THE SPECIAL HOUSE COMMITTEE WHICH OPENS ITS INVESTIGATION WEDNESDAY.

PE524PED

1961

A162KX

RED CHINA (200)

HONOLULU, OCT. 23 (AP)-A RETIRED BRITISH EDUCATOR RETURNING FROM A TRIP TO RED CHINA, SAYS SHE FOUND THE PEOPLE THERE HAPPY BECAUSE THEY HAVE "SOMETHING TO DO, SOMETHING TO EAT AND SOME PLACE TO LIVE."

MISS M. F. ADAMS SAID THE COMMUNISTS HAVE MADE "TREMENDOUS ADVANCES SINCE LIBERATION IN EXTENDING EDUCATION TO THE CHILDREN OF THE PEASANTS." SHE SAID THEY STUDY LANGUAGES, MATHEMATICS, SOCIAL STUDIES, HISTORY, GEOGRAPHY AND SUBJECTS MUCH LIKE THOSE TAUGHT IN AMERICAN CLASSROOMS.

MISS ADAMS, AN ENGLISH SCHOOL TEACHER FOR 40 YEARS AND HOLDER OF THE ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, SAID THE CHINESE DEVOTE TWO PERIODS A WEEK TO POLITICAL EDUCATION AND LABOR.

"I AM NOT A COMMUNIST," MISS ADAMS SAID. "MAKE THAT VERY CLEAR."

SHE SAID THE GIRLS AND BOYS ARE REQUIRED TO DO PHYSICAL LABOR TO "OBLITERATE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MANUAL AND INTELLECTUAL WORK."

THE ENGLISH WOMAN SAID, "IT IS USELESS TO COMPARE THE CHINESE SCHOOLS WITH OUR SCHOOLS. THE COMPARISON MUST BE MADE BETWEEN THE SCHOOLS OF TODAY AND THE SCHOOLS OF YESTERDAY IN CHINA.

"THE PROFESSORS ASSURED ME THAT THEY HAVE FREEDOM OF THOUGHT," MISS ADAMS SAID.

BUT, SHE NOTED THEY HAVE CHOSEN "THE MARXIST-LENIN VIEW OF LIFE." THOSE WHO HAVE NOT ACCEPTED THIS VIEW HAVE QUIT TEACHING, SHE SAID.

MISS ADAMS LEFT HONOLULU TODAY FOR SAN FRANCISCO. SHE WILL SPEND 18 WEEKS ON A LECTURE TOUR OF THE U.S. MAINLAND.

VX937PCS

A153

(230)

NORTON, VA., OCT. 23 (AP)-THE FATHER OF FRANCIS GARY POWERS BELIEVES THE IMPRIONSED U2 PILOT IS ON THE WAY TO A RUSSIAN LABOR CAMP "RIGHT NOW."

OLIVER W. POWERS, SAID TODAY HIS SON USUALLY WRITES "FIVE OR SIX LETTERS A MONTH . . . BUT THIS MONTH WE'VE GOT JUST ONE."

THE SILENCE, POWERS SAID, "MEANS THE BOY IS MOVING."
POWERS PREICTED SEVERAL MONTHS AGO HIS SON WOULD BE PAROLED TO A WORK COLONY IN NOVEMBER, A YEAR AND A HALF BEFORE HIS THREE-YEAR PRISON SENTENCE EXPIRES.
FRANCIS POWERS, AT A MOSCOW SHOW TRIAL IN AUGUST 1960 ON ESPIONAGE CHARGES, DREW A TWO-PART SENTENCE, THREE YEARS IN PRISON AND SEVEN YEARS "LOSS OF FREEDOM" IN A WORK COLONY.
THE FATHER SAID THAT THE LETTER RECEIVED THIS MONTH INCLUDED TWO PICTURES OF HIS SON.
BUT THESE WERE SENT WITH THE STIPULATION THAT THEY COULD NOT BE RELEASED TO THE PRESS, POWERS SAID.
THE PICTURES SHOWED HIM "LOOKING PRETTY WELL . . .FROM THE WAIST UP, WEARING WHAT LOOKS LIKE A FLANNEL SHIRT . . . SMILING A LITTLE."
FRANCIS APPEARS "TO HAVE LOST THE WEIGHT HE PICKED UP RIGHT AFTER HE WAS SHOT DOWN," THE FATHER ADDED.
YOUNG POWERS WAS SHOT DOWN MAY 1, 1960, WHILE ONA MISSION 1,500 MILES DEEP IN THE SOVIET UNION.
THE ELDER POWERS WENT TO MOSCOW FOR HIS SON'S TRIAL.
THE PILOT TOLD HIM THEN, THE FATHER DISCLOSED TODAY, THAT HIS PARACHUTE OPENED THAT FATEFUL MAY DAY AT 14,000 FEET, AND THAT THE ONLY INJURIES HE HAD WHEN HE LANDED WERE "A BLACK EYE. .. (SUSTAINED) WHEN HIS HELMET HIT SOMETHING . . . AND A SKINNED UP KNEE."
THE SOVIETS CLAIMED THEIR ROCKETS BROUGHT DOWN THE HIGH FLYING U2.
SF1109PED

A169
U-N.-TUBMAN 220
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 23 (AP)-PRESIDENT WILLIAM V.S. TUBMAN OF LIBERIA DECLARED TODAY THE AFRICAN NATIONS ARE DETERMINED TO UPHOLD THEIR RIGHT TO LEAD THEIR OWN WAY OF LIFE WITHOUT SUBVERSIVE INTERFERENCE FROM ANY SOURCE.
IN A SPEECH TO THE 101-NATION U.N. ASSEMBLY, TUBMAN SAID ALL DELEGATES SHOULD SUPPORT THE RESOLUTION APPROVED LAST YEAR GRANTING THE RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION TO COLONIAL PEOPLES.
HE SAID THE RESOLUTION CALLING FOR INDEPENDENCE OF ALL PEOPLES FROM COLONIAL YOKES "MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO AVOID DISCONTENT, DISORDER AND REBELLION. . . THE PRINCIPLE OF SELF-DETERMINATION MUST NEVER BE REPUDIATED. NO GOVERNMENT SHOULD ABANDON A PRINCIPLE ONCE ESPOUSED. THIS IS AN UNWRITTEN MORAL CODE."
ALL AFRICANS, HE ASSERTED, ARE UNITED ON THESE TWO FUNDAMENTAL POINTS:
"NAMELY, FIRST, THE TOTAL AND COMPLETE EMANCIPATION OF NOT ONLY THE AFRICAN CONTINENT FROM ALIEN RULE AND DOMINATION BUT OF THE ENTIRE WORLD; SECONDLY, THE RIGHT TO LEAD THEIR OWN WAY OF LIFE WITHOUT SUBVERSIVE INTERFERENCE FROM ANY SOURCE."
HE SAID ALL NATIONS, "SMALL OR LARGE, SHOULD BE LEFT TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN WAY OF LIFE. WHETHER THAY WAY BE COMMUNISM, SOCIALISM, OR DEMOCRACY, THERE ARE GOOD AND EVIL FEATURES IN ALL POLITICAL SYSTEMS."
"IN ANY EVENT, CHOOSING A WAY OF LIFE SHOULD BE WITHOUT EXTERNAL INTRIGUES, PROPAGANDA, INFILTRATION OR SUBVERSION AND SHOULD BE BASED EXCLUSIVELY ON EACH NATION'S BEST JUDGMENT AS TO THE KIND OF SOCIETY THAT WILL BEST SERVE THE TRUE NEEDS AND INTERESTS OF ITS PEOPLES."
DB1245PED

A45 (200)
LONDON, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS SENDING A TOP-LEVEL MISSION TO EUROPE TO PERSUADE THE WESTERN EUROPEAN ALLIES TO BEEF UP THEIR NON-NUCLEAR ARM IN NATO, A BRITISH NEWSPAPER REPORTED TODAY.
THE DAILY MAIL SAID WASHINGTON IS PARTICULARLY DISMAYED AT BRITAIN'S FAILURE TO STEP UP ITS CONTRIBUTION TO NATO'S CONVENTIONAL FORCES.

"BEHIND THE MOVE IS THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION'S DISTRESS AT THE LAGGING EFFORTS OF WEST EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS TO MATCH AMERICA'S LARGE-SCALE BUILDUP OF CONVENTIONAL FORCES," MAIL CORRESPONDENT BRUCE ROTHWELL REPORTED FROM WASHINGTON.
OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON WERE RELUCTANT TO COMMENT FOR ATTRIBUTION BUT ONE AUTHORITY SAID THE WORD DISMAY IS TOO STRONG FOR AN ACCURATE DESCRIPTION OF THE AMERICAN VIEW IN REGARD TO BRITAIN.
ALTHOUGH BRITAIN IS NOT AMONG THE NATIONS WHICH HAVE DISTINGUISHED THEMSELVES THROUGH CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NATO BUILDUP, THAT OFFICIAL SAID, SHE IS CERTAINLY NOT IN THE BOTTOM DRAWER IN THAT RESPECT.
OFFICIALS DECLINED TO ISSUE A "REPORT CARD" ON HOW NATO'S MEMBERS ARE DOING IN STEPPING UP THEIR EFFORTS IN EUROPE. THEY SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THREE NATIONS--THE NETHERLANDS, FRANCE AND CANADA--WOULD DESERVE AN EXCELLENT MARK, CLOSELY FOLLOWED BY WEST GERMANY.
ITALY, BELGIUM AND THE SCANDINAVIAN COUNTRIES ARE KNOWN TO LAG BEHIND WHAT WAS EXPECTED FROM THEM, AND BRITAIN IS SOMEWHERE BETWEEN THE TWO GROUPS, AN OFFICIAL EXPLAINED.
GREECE AND TURKEY, THE TWO EASTERNMOST MEMBERS OF NATO, ARE IN A DIFFERENT CATEGORY FOR TWO REASONS. FIRST, THEY ARE NOT DIRECTLY INVOLVED IN STRENGTHENING NATO'S FORCES IN CENTRAL EUROPE, WHICH IS THE MAIN CONCERN TODAY. SECOND, BOTH FACE UNUSUAL ECONOMIC PROBLEMS AND WASHINGTON IS INCLINED TO THE VIEW THAT THEY ARE DOING WHAT THEY CAN.

ROTHWELL SAID THE AMERICAN MISSION, HEADED BY DEPUTY DEFENSE SECRETARY ROSWELL L. GILPATRIC, WILL VISIT LONDON, BONN AND PARIS.
HE REPORTED:
"THERE IS ESPECIALLY DEEP DISMAY AT BRITAIN'S FAILURE. "WHITE HOUSE OFFICIALS PRIVATELY FEEL THAT THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT CANNOT MUCH LONGER RESIST THE INTRODUCTION OF CONSCRIPTION IF IT IS TO MEET ITS PLEDGED COMMITMENTS TO NATO."
THE MAIL SAID TWO MAIN FACTORS ARE INFLUENCING WASHINGTON THINKING:
1. BY LAGGING IN NATO'S CONVENTIONAL BUILDUP, BRITAIN IS WEAKENING HER POLITICAL VOICE IN ALLIED POLICY WHILE WEST GERMANY'S CONTRIBUTIONS ARE GIVING BONN AN INCREASING VOICE.
2. THE BRITISH AND WEST EUROPEAN FAILURE TO MATCH THE AMERICAN EFFORT IS PROVOKING SHARP QUESTIONS FROM CONGRESSMEN AND MAKING IT DIFFICULT FOR THE KENNEDY GOVERNMENT TO SWITCH TO THE NEW POLICY OF A FLEXIBLE RESPONSE TO CRISES.
Z517AED

A113 (180)
HOF, GERMANY, OCT. 23 (AP)-WESTERN TRAVELERS RETURNING FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA REPORTED TODAY TROOPS FROM FIVE WARSAW PACT NATIONS HAVE SET UP MANEUVER BIVOUACS CLOSE TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK-WEST GERMAN BORDER.
AT THE SAME TIME, THE U.S. ARMY BEGAN DIVISIONAL MANEUVERS IN SOUTH GERMANY, INVOLVING ABOUT 30,000 SOLDIERS. THE EASTERNMOST POINT OF THE MANEUVER AREA IS GRAFENWOEHR, ONLY 20 MILES FROM THE CZECHOSLOVAK BORDER.
THE TRAVELERS FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA SAID HUNGARIAN, ROMANIAN AND BULGARIAN UNITS WERE OBSERVED IN THE REGIONS OF TACHOV AND STRIBRO. TACHOV IS ABOUT 30 MILES FROM GRAFENWOEHR. SOVIET AND POLISH SOLDIERS WERE REPORTED SEEN IN THE AREA ADJOINING THE POINT NEAR HERE WHERE THE BORDERS OF EAST GERMANY, WEST GERMANY AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA MEET.
HUNGARIAN AND POLISH TROOPS OBSERVED BY WEST GERMAN BORDER POLICE IN THE EAST GERMAN BORDER AREA APPARENTLY HAVE BEEN MOVED BACK DEEPER INTO EAST GERMANY. BAVARIAN AUTHORITIES SAID THAT FOR THE PAST FEW DAYS, NO MOVEMENTS HAVE BEEN REPORTED BY BORDER OBSERVATION POSTS.
THREE EAST GERMAN POLICEMEN WERE AMONG 10 REFUGEES WHO SUCCEEDED IN SLIPPING ACROSS THE CLOSELY GUARDED BORDER BETWEEN EAST GERMANY AND BAVARIA IN THE PAST FOUR DAYS, AUTHORITIES SAID.
JT951AED

AE3

(140)

NEW YORK, OCT. 23 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES SPENDS LESS ON PROPAGANDA BROADCASTS TO FOREIGN NATIONS THAN THE SOVIET UNION, COMMUNIST CHINA OR THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, EDWARD R. MURROW SAID TODAY.

MURROW, DIRECTOR OF THE UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY, SAID ON THE "CONTINENTAL CLASSROOM" TELEVISION PROGRAM (NBC) THAT THE COMMUNISTS ARE OUTPUBLISHING AS WELL AS OUTBROADCASTING THE UNITED STATES IN THE DISSEMINATION OF IDEAS.

MURROW ALSO MADE THE FOLLOWING POINTS:

THE USIA'S TOTAL BUDGET COMES TO LESS THAN THE COST OF A SINGLE COMBAT-LOADED POLARIS SUBMARINE.

THE RUSSIANS SPEND MORE MONEY JAMMING THE VOICE OF AMERICA THAN THE USIA SPENDS IN ITS ENTIRE OPERATION.

CUBAN PRIME MINISTER FIDEL CASTRO IS "PROBABLY SPENDING MORE MONEY IN LATIN AMERICA TODAY THAN WE ARE."

"WE HAVE GOT OUR PRIORITIES WRONG," SAID THE USIA CHIEF. "WE DO NOT IN GENERAL BELIEVE SUFFICIENTLY IN THE POWER, THE POTENCY OF IDEAS."

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